

ZINC PHOSPHATE PRIMER GREY & LIGHT GREY

INHALATION

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Provide rest, warmth and fresh air. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing

INGESTION

DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Provide fresh air, warmth and rest, preferably in comfortable upright sitting position.

SKIN CONTACT

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.

EYE CONTACT

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Be aware of danger for fire to re-start. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Do not allow runoff to sewer, waterway or ground.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

FLAMMABLE. Solvent vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS

By heating and fire, harmful vapours/gases may be formed.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES IN FIRE

Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not smoke, use naked flames or other sources of ignition. Ensure suitable personal protection (including respiratory protection) during removal of spillages in a confined area.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Contain spillages with sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be IMMEDIATELY alerted to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

SPILL CLEAN UP METHODS

Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Should be prevented from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect spillage in containers, seal securely and deliver for disposal according to local regulations.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

USAGE PRECAUTIONS

Observe workplace exposure limits and minimise the risk of inhalation of vapours and mist. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

USAGE DESCRIPTION

Ensure that waste and contaminated materials are collected and removed from the work area as soon as possible in a suitably labelled container

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep containers tightly closed. Keep upright. Store separated from: Oxidising material. Alkalies. Acids.

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STORAGE CLASS

Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workshop provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate, marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Name	Std	TWA - 8 hrs		STEL - 15 min		Notes
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	WEL					
BENZENE	WEL	3 ppm				
CUMENE	WEL	25 ppm(Sk)	125 mg/m3(Sk)	50 ppm(Sk)	250 mg/m3(Sk)	
ETHANOL	WEL	1000 ppm	1920 mg/m3			
ETHYLBENZENE	WEL	100 ppm(Sk)	441 mg/m3(Sk)	125 ppm(Sk)	552 mg/m3(Sk)	
Low Aromatic White Spirit	WEL		1000 mg/m3			
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	SUP		mg/m3			
XYLENE	WEL	50 ppm(Sk)	220 mg/m3(Sk)	100 ppm(Sk)	441 mg/m3(Sk)	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

INGREDIENT COMMENTS

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT



ENGINEERING MEASURES

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined workplace exposure limit is not exceeded.

RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the Recommended Workplace Exposure Limit.

HAND PROTECTION

Use suitable protective gloves if risk of skin contact. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear splash-proof eye goggles to prevent any possibility of eye contact.

OTHER PROTECTION

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.

HYGIENE MEASURES

No specific hygiene procedures noted, but good personal hygiene practices are always advisable, especially when working with chemicals.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE	Viscous Coloured liquid		
COLOUR	Grey		
ODOUR	of solvents		
SOLUBILITY	Insoluble in water		
RELATIVE DENSITY	1.30 approx. @ 20	VAPOUR DENSITY (air=1)	heavier than air

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VISCOSITY 3.5 (Rot thinner) Ps @ 25 FLASH POINT (°C) 38 approx. CC (Closed cup).

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY

Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with acids and oxidising substances.

MATERIALS TO AVOID

Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising substances.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INHALATION

Vapour from this chemical can be hazardous when inhaled. Vapour may irritate respiratory system or lungs.

INGESTION

Liquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed.

SKIN CONTACT

Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.

EYE CONTACT

May cause temporary eye irritation.

HEALTH WARNINGS

This product has low toxicity. Only large volumes may have adverse impact on human health.

MEDICAL CONSIDERATIONS

Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and normal rinse of stomach because of risk of aspiration.

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

BIOACCUMULATION

The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

DEGRADABILITY

The product is not expected to be biodegradable.

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

GENERAL INFORMATION

Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses.

DISPOSAL METHODS

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

WASTE CLASS

When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02 (plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

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14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION



UK ROAD CLASS	3	UK ROAD PACK GR.	III
PROPER SHIPPING NAME	PAINT	ADR CLASS	Class 3: Flammable liquids.
UN NO. ROAD	1263	UN NO. SEA	1263
ADR CLASS NO.	1263	IMDG PACK GR.	III
ADR PACK GROUP	III	MARINE POLLUTANT	
IMDG CLASS	3		
EMS	F-E, S-E		



UN NO. AIR	1263	AIR CLASS	3
AIR PACK GR.	III		

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

LABELLING



Dangerous for the environment

RISK PHRASES

R10	Flammable.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SAFETY PHRASES

S2	Keep out of the reach of children
S37	Wear suitable gloves.
S46	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
S51	Use only in well-ventilated areas.
S29/56	Do not empty into drains, dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.
S61	Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.
P14	Contains ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME. May produce an allergic reaction.

UK REGULATORY REFERENCES

Chemicals (Hazard Information & Packaging) Regulations. The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 1988. Health and Safety at Work Act 1974.

ENVIRONMENTAL LISTING

Control of Pollution Act 1974. Rivers (Prevention of Pollution) Act 1961.

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EU DIRECTIVES

Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC.

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging) Regulations. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.

APPROVED CODE OF PRACTICE

Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations. Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply. Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 [L138]

GUIDANCE NOTES

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. CHIP for everyone HSG(108).

NATIONAL REGULATIONS

Workplace Exposure Limits 2005 (EH40) The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002. No. 1689. Health and Safety at Work Act (As Amended) 1974 Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended) The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2007 (CDG 2007) Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 [SI 2002: 2776] The Manual Handling Operations Regulations 1992 [SI 1992:2793]

16 OTHER INFORMATION

REVISION COMMENTS

Changes to composition information. Issued in new format for Reach compliance

ISSUED BY

Technical Dept. (P.E.)

REVISION DATE 16/04/2009

REV. NO./REPL. SDS GENERATED 3

SDS NO. 10592

SAFETY DATA SHEET STATUS

Approved.

DATE Date printed _____

SIGNATURE Initials _____

RISK PHRASES IN FULL

R10	Flammable.
R11	Highly flammable.
R20	Harmful by inhalation.
R20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R21	Harmful in contact with skin.
R36/37/38	Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
R36/38	Irritating to eyes and skin.
R37	Irritating to respiratory system.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R40	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R45	May cause cancer.
R46	May cause heritable genetic damage.
R48/23/24/25	Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

DISCLAIMER

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.